## RECOGNIZING SECONDARY TRAUMA



## **DEFINITION**

"Secondary trauma is defined as indirect exposure to trauma through a first hand account or narrative of a traumatic event. The vivid recounting of trauma by the survivor and the clinician's subsequent cognitive or emotional representation of that event may result in a set of symptoms and reactions that parallel PTSD ... (it) is also referred to as compassion fatigue and vicarious traumatization." (1)

"SECONDARY TRUAMA IS A
NATURAL BUT DISRUPTIVE BYPRODUCT OF WORKING WITH
TRAUMATIZED CLIENTS.ONCE
RECOGNIZED, SECONDARY TRAUMA
CAN BE ADDRESSED AND THE
CAREGIVER CAN HEAL, AND EVENG
ROW FROM THE EXPERIENCE."(2)

## COMPASSION FATIGUE SYMPTOMS

Cognitive: Lower Concentration, apathy, Rigid thinking,

Perfectionism, Preoccupation with trauma

**Emotional**: Guilt, Anger, Numbness, Sadness, Helplessness

**Behavioral**: Withdrawal, Sleep disturbance, Appetite change,

Hyper-vigilance, Elevated startle response

**Physical**: Increased heart rate, Difficulty breathing, Muscle and joint pain, Impaired immune system, Increased severity of medical concerns (2)

## RESILIENCE STRATEGIES

Prevention should occur at both the individual and organizational levels

- 1. Balancing caseloads and accessible supervision (Professional Strategy)
- 2. Sufficient release time and safe physical space (Organizational Strategy)
- 3. Personal strategies, such as respecting one's own limits and maintaining time for self-care activities (Personal Strategy)
- 4. Self-nurturing and seeking connection (General Coping)(1)

